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Unit 5 Module B Notes Sections 15.1, 15.3 - 15.5
View the PowerPoint, Videos, or Textbook for Module 5B.

## Vocabulary Fill in the blanks.

1. (Section 15.4) Two lines are $\qquad$ if they have the same slope and different $y$ intercepts.
2. (Section 15.4) Two lines are $\qquad$ if the slopes are opposite reciprocals of each other.
3. (Section 15.5) The point - slope equation of a line with slope $m$ going through the point $\left(x_{1}, y_{1}\right)$ is $\qquad$ .
4. (Section 15.5) The slope - intercept equation of a line with slope $m$ going through the point ( $x_{1}$, $y_{1}$ ) is $\qquad$ .

Problems Show ALL steps.

1. (Section 15.1) Find the function values for $f(x)=3 x^{2}-2 x+1$
a) $f(3)$
b) $f(-3)$
2. (Section 15.3) Find the slope and $y$-intercept of $8 x-7 y=21$.

Name: $\qquad$
Date: $\qquad$ Class Time: $\qquad$
3. (Section 15.4) Are the lines $2 x-5 y=-3$ and $2 x+5 y=4$ parallel, perpendicular, or neither?
4. (Section 15.4) Are the lines $2 y+8=x$ and $6 x+3 y=5$ parallel, perpendicular, or neither?
5. (Section 15.5) Find the equation of the line (in slope-intercept form) having a slope of $m=3$ and containing the point (-2, 4).
6. (Section 15.5 ) Write the equation of the line (in slope-intercept form) containing the point $(4,1)$ and perpendicular to the line $x-3 y=9$.

